Chapter 3 Prerequisite Skills

- **1.** Perform the indicated operations. Simplify each answer.
 - **a)** $7x^2 3x + x^2 x$
 - **b)** (4x 3)(x + 7)
 - **c)** $(2x-5)^2$
 - **d**) $(x-1)^2 (2x+3)(x-4)$
- **2.** Use the graph to help answer the following questions.



- a) What is the value of the *y*-intercept?
- **b)** What is the slope of the line?
- c) What is the equation of the line using the form y = mx + b?
- **d)** What is the range of the linear function shown on the graph?
- e) What is the *x*-intercept?
- **3.** If $m = -\frac{2}{5}$ and (1, 4) is a point on the line,

what are the coordinates of another point on the line that is in the fourth quadrant?

- 4. Determine the equation of a line that satisfies the following conditions. Leave each answer in the form Ax + By + C = 0
 - **a)** The line has a slope of $-\frac{3}{4}$ and a

y-intercept of 2.

b) The line passes through the points (-1, 0) and (2, -6).

- 5. Write each equation in the form y = mx + b. Give the value of the slope and *y*-intercept. a) 3x + y - 4 = 0 b) 3x - 7y = 1c) 3x - 4y = 0
- 6. For each equation, write it in the form Ax + By + C = 0, where A, B, and C are integers. Give the values of A, B, and C.

a)
$$y = -5x + 2$$

b) $y = \frac{2x}{3} - 7$
c) $-1 = 4y - \frac{3}{4}x$

- 7. A linear function is expressed as g(x) = 3x 8.
 - a) If you were to draw a graph of function g, how should you label the axes?
 - **b)** What is the value of g(-2)?
 - **c)** Is the point A(5, 7) on the graph of function *g*? Explain how you know.
 - d) What is the domain of function g?
- 8. Determine the value of each expression.a) one half of 6 squared
 - **b**) one half of –9 squared

c) one half of
$$\frac{7}{2}$$
 squared

- **9.** What is the degree of each polynomial? **a)** 6x - 3y + 1 **b)** $2x^2 - 3x^2y - 7y$ **c)** $5x^2 - 10 + 3y^2$
- 10. For each function, create a table of values using only integral values, sketch the graph, and state the value of the *y*-intercept.
 a) 3x y 1 = 0 b) -2x + 3y = 6
- 11. An ecologist investigating the effect of air pollution on plant life finds the percent p(x) of diseased plants at a distance *x* kilometres from an industrial site is defined by the

function
$$p(x) = 40 - \frac{3x}{50}$$
 for $50 \le x \le 200$.

- a) Sketch a graph of function *p*. Title the axes and give the graph a title.
- b) What is the value of each of the following: p(50), p(150), and p(200)?
- c) What is the range of function *p*?



BLM <u>3–2</u>